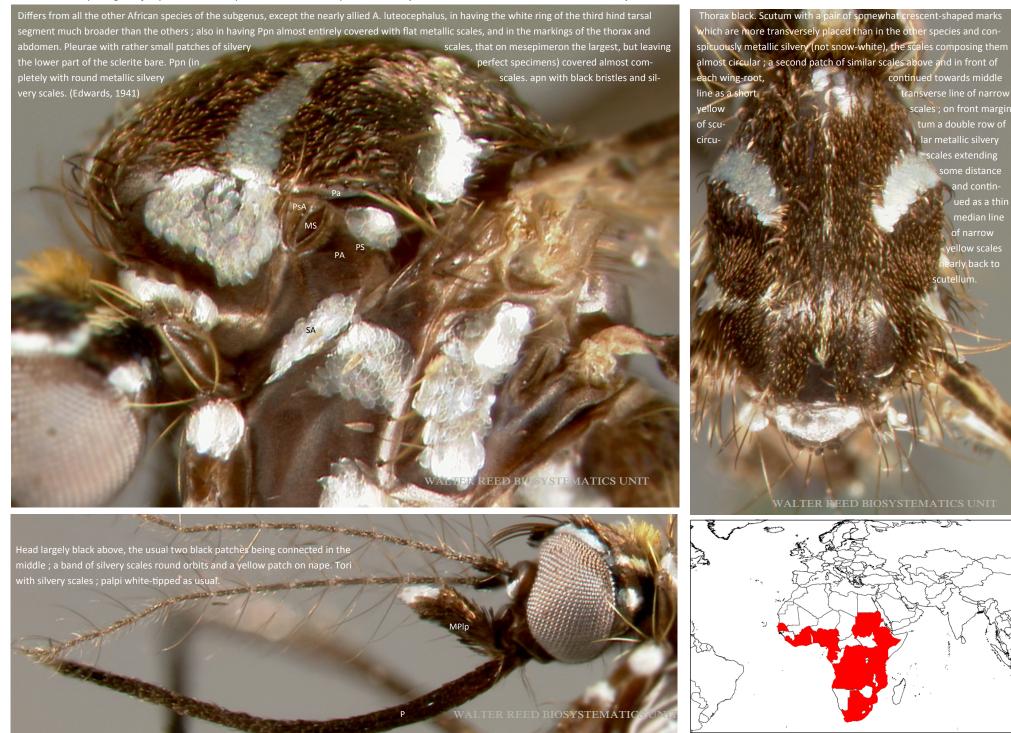
Aedes (Stegomyia) africanus (Theobald, 1901), WRBU specimen AEafr, Character descriptions: Edwards, 1941:150



Aedes (Stegomyia) africanus (Theobald, 1901), WRBU specimen AEafr, Character descriptions: Edwards, 1941:150



Bionomics: Larvae are found in tree holes, stump holes, bamboo stumps, cut bamboo, tree forks and artifical containers. Females readily bite man, will enter houses to bite and are crepuscular. They feed both at ground and canopy levels (Huang, 1979).

Medical Importance: It is one of the most important vectors of arboviruses in the Afrotropical region, and an efficient vector of yellow fever. Chikungunya and Rift Valley fever have also been isolated from this species (Huang, 1979).



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